

## Probability Theory: Activity 18 Solutions

To study the prevalence of a disease in a several cities of interest within a certain county, we pick a city at random, then pick a random sample of  $n$  people from that city. Let  $p$  be the proportion of diseased people in the chosen city, and let  $X$  be the number of diseased people in the sample. Since every city has a different disease proportion,  $p$  is a random variable. Suppose that  $p \sim \text{Unif}(0, 1)$ . Also, assume that, given  $p$ , assume  $X|p$  follows a binomial( $n, p$ ).

Find  $E(X)$  and  $\text{Var}(X)$ .

1. Use the properties of the binomial to find  $E(X|p)$  and  $\text{Var}(X|p)$ .

$$E(X|p) = np$$

and

$$\text{Var}(X|p) = np(1 - p).$$

This is just from the properties of the binomial distribution.

2. Use the fact that  $p \sim \text{Unif}(0, 1)$  to find  $E(p)$  and  $\text{Var}(p)$ .

$$E(p) = \frac{1}{2}.$$

$$E(p^2) = \int_0^1 x^2 = \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{3}.$$

$$\text{Var}(p) = \frac{1}{3} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{12}$$

3. Find  $E(X)$  using Adams law:  $E(X) = E(E(X|p))$ .

$$E(X) = E(E(X|p)) = E(np) = nE(p) = \frac{n}{2}$$

4. Find  $E(\text{Var}(X|p))$ .

$$E(\text{Var}(X|p)) = E(np(1 - p)) = nE(p - p^2) = n(E(p) - E(p^2)) = n\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{n}{6}$$

5. Find  $\text{Var}(E(X|p))$ .

$$\text{Var}(E(X|p)) = \text{Var}(np) = n^2\text{Var}(p) = \frac{n^2}{12}$$

6. Find  $\text{Var}(X)$  using Eve's law:  $\text{Var}(X) = E(\text{Var}(X|p)) + \text{Var}(E(X|p))$ .

$$\text{Var}(X) = E(\text{Var}(X|p)) + \text{Var}(E(X|p)) = \frac{n}{6} + \frac{n^2}{12}.$$